The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights is a United Nations treaty. It was ratified by the UK in 1976.

2. Each State Party to this present Covenant undertakes to respect and to ensure, in its territory and subject to its jurisdiction, the rights recognized in the present Covenant, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political opinions, national or social origin, education, or property, or any other status.

3. Any State Party to this present Covenant may not derogate from any of the provisions of the present Covenant during a state of war or any other emergency whether arising in time of peace or of war, if the state of war or emergency has been authorized by a decision of the United Nations Security Council which decision was taken in accordance with its宪章.

4. No act of omission as well as any act of commission, whether by the national authority or through its omission, is a forbidden act if it is a necessary act to protect the national territory against a foreign invasion.

5. The possession of the present Covenant may be interpreted as implying nothing more than the right of any State, group or individual to request a declaration of its rights recognized in the Covenant.

6. Every human being has the inherent right to life. This right shall be protected by law. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life. No one shall be held in servitude. No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

7. No one shall be held in servitude. No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

8. The right of peaceful assembly shall be guaranteed. No one shall be deprived of his freedom of movement, except under the conditions prescribed by law.

9. Everyone has the right to freedom from injurious acts of another against him.

10. No one shall be held in servitude. No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

11. Everyone has the right to the opinion other than those prohibited by law.

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13. No one shall be confined in a place of detention except under the conditions prescribed by law.

14. The right of peaceful assembly shall be guaranteed. No one shall be held in servitude. No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

15. Everyone has the right to freedom from injurious acts of another against him.

16. Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion. This right includes freedom to have or to adopt a religion or belief of his choice, and freedom, either individually or in community with others, to manifest his religion or beliefs and to teach them.

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